MATH 373: CLASS 1

1. Exercise

1) We know the roots of polynomial degree two, $f(x)=ax^2+bx+c$ where a,b,c are numbers are $x=\frac{-b\pm\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a}$.

Derive this formula.

2) Let f be a continuous function. Show that between two roots of f, there is at least one local minimum or local maximum.

(Hint: which theorem you need to apply?).

- 3) Let $f(x) = x^3 + x 1$.
- a) Show that there is at least one root lies in [0, 1].
- b) Show that there is at *exactly* one root lies in [0,1].
- c) Show that there is *exactly* one root lies in $(-\infty, \infty)$.
- d) Is this contradict the fundamental theorem of algebra?

Date: July 9, 2007.